# Linkages HA Packet

# **PHASE 1: APPLICATION**

Staff Initials and	Form/Process
Date Completed	
	Documents Received from SSA:
	Linkages Application
	Qualification Criteria Form
	Certification of Eligibility
	Documentation of homelessness or precariously housed
	Documentation of all sources of income
	Authorization to Release Information
	Native Americans living off reservation (Optional)
	HA reviewed all documents received from SSA (ensure completeness)
	Proof of Income and Determination of Extremely Low-Income Status
	Authorization to Release Income Information (if necessary)
	Documentation of Income (paystubs, award letters, etc.)
	Additional Documents Completed by HA and/or
	Participant:
	Household Composition Determination Statement
	Income/Asset/Rent Calculation
	Authorization to Release General Information
	Other:
	Other:

# **PHASE 2: AGREEMENT AND HOUSING SEARCH**

Staff Initials and	Form/Process
<b>Date Completed</b>	
	Is the participant eligible for Linkages? ☐ Yes ☐ No Approval or Denial Letter submitted to client and copy provided to SSA Date Letter was issued:
	HA schedules Orientation with Client and SSA (all parties must attend)
	Complete Tenant Responsibility Agreement at Orientation

# Linkages HA Packet

# **PHASE 3: Getting Housing**

Staff Initials and	Form/Process			
<b>Date Completed</b>				
	Documents completed by HA/Landlord/Participant			
	Send Request for Tenancy form to Landlord			
	Complete Unit Eligibility Determination (FMR) of proposed unit			
	Rent Reasonableness Checklist and Certification			
	HQS Inspection			
	Linkages Tenant Responsibility Agreement			
	Rental Assistance Agreement			
	Executed Lease from Landlord/Property Owner			
	Lead Based Paint Disclosure			

# PHASE 4: Keeping Housing – Annual Recertification

Staff Initials and	Form/Process
Date Completed	
	Notify Participant of Recertification
	Documents completed by HA/Landlord/Participant:
	Release of Information – General & Income
	Income Recertification Documentation of Very Low-Income Status Updated Household Composition Determination Statement, if applicable Income/Asset/Rent Calculation HQS Inspection Rent Assistance Agreement Lease Addendum, if applicable All Correspondence and notification
	Termination Documents, if applicable Termination Letter submitted to Client and copy provided to SSA Date Termination Letter was issued: Termination form completed (HA use only)

#### **AUTHORIZATION TO RELEASE GENERAL INFORMATION**

I authorize release of personal identifiable information that pertains to me, the individual named below,

within the following specified limits: 1. Name: SSN: DOB: 2. Specific information for release: 3. The purpose for which the information is to be released: 4. Release information to agency/representative: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Address: City: \_\_\_\_\_ State: \_\_\_\_ Zip Code: \_\_\_\_ 5. Information released by agency/representative: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Address: \_\_\_\_\_State: \_\_\_\_\_ Zip Code: \_\_\_\_\_ 6. I wish to review this information before it is released:  $\Box$  Yes  $\Box$  No  $\Box$  Initials \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7. The benefits, risks, and consequences of the alternatives in releasing or not releasing this information have been explained to me:  $\square$  Yes  $\square$  No Initials 8. Specific information that is not authorized for release: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ Initials: \_\_\_\_\_\_ 9. Unless otherwise specified below, this authorization will expire in one year. Today's date: \_\_\_\_\_ Expiration date: \_\_\_\_ 10. I understand that I may revoke this authorization in writing at any time. Initials \_\_\_\_\_\_

Last Updated: June 2022

#### **AUTHORIZATION TO RELEASE GENERAL INFORMATION**

\*\*This information may not be further disclosed by the receiving person or organization without my authorization.\*\* Authorization for Release of Above Information: (To be valid, this authorization must have the proper accompanying advisories and state and federal citations) Printed Name of Person Authorizing Release Relationship Signature/Mark of Person Authorizing Release Date Witness (if mark/stamp): Print Name Witness Signature **Revocation of Release**: Signature (or mark/stamp of witnessing person) Date

Last Updated: June 2022

#### **AUTHORIZATION TO RELEASE GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### Advisories:

- You may refuse to sign the authorization to disclose some or all of your health care information, but you should be aware that refusal may result in improper diagnosis or treatment, denial of coverage or a claim for health benefits, or other insurance or other adverse consequences.
- You may revoke this authorization at any time by a written revocation and by delivering it to the person or organization holding the release of information authorization. However, this revocation is subject to the right of any person who acted in reliance on the authorization prior to receiving notice of revocation.
- You are entitled to a copy of this authorization form.

#### For Persons/Organizations Receiving Substance Abuse Information:

This information has been disclosed to you from records protected by federal confidentiality rules (42 CFR Part 2). The federal rules prohibit you from making any further disclosure of this information unless further disclosure is expressly permitted by the written consent of the person to whom it pertains or as otherwise permitted by 42 CFR Part 2. A general authorization for the release of medical or other information is NOT sufficient for this purpose. The federal rules restrict any use of the information to criminally investigate or prosecute any alcohol or drug abuse patient. (52 FR 21809, June 9, 1987; 52 FR 41997, November 2, 1987)

#### For Persons/Organizations Receiving Mental Health Information:

This information has been disclosed to you from records protected by state confidentiality laws (34-B M.R.S.A. Section 1207; Rights of Recipients of Mental Health Services). This information remains confidential and should not be disclosed any further, except as expressly permitted by the written consent of the person to whom it pertains or as otherwise permitted by law.

3 | Page

Last Updated: June 2022

## **AUTHORIZATION TO RELEASE INCOME INFORMATION**

Attention:		
Applicant name:		
Date of birth:		_
I request and authorize		to release income information
or records that pertain to me, the individual na	amed above, to:	
HA/Representative:		
Address:		
City:	State:	Zip Code:
This request and authorization applies	to:	
Amount of SSI monthly supplement (if	known): \$	
Amount of state supplement:		
Amount of monthly TANF payment:		
Amount of other income source:		
already a tenant having an annual recertification my eligibility status and the amount of my ren		on released will be used to determine
Participant Signature		Date
I am the individual to whom the information/r guardian.	ecord applies or t	hat person's parent (if a minor) or legal
Guardian/Legal Representative Signature		Date
Relationship:		

Last Updated: June 2022

# **Linkages Household Composition Determination Statement**

Please identify all members of your household who will be living in the housing unit in the space provided below:

	Last Name, First Name (List Head of Household 1 <sup>st</sup> )	Relationship	Date of Birth	Social Security Number	Gender
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					

Household Status Information:	Yes	No	Household Member	When/Where?
			Name	
Have you added/removed any persons				
to/from your household since you				
completed an application or certification?				
Do you anticipate adding any new household				
members in the next 12 months? (Due to				
marriage, child custody, unborn children,				
adoption, etc.)				
Are any household members temporarily				
absent? (school, military, nursing home, etc.)				
Do you have a live-in care aide/attendant(s)?				
Has any applicant family member ever lived				
in Public or Section 8 Housing as an adult				
(18years or older).				
Do you owe any money to any HUD Housing				
Agencies?				
Has any family member (18 years or older)				
ever been arrest or convicted of a crime				
other than a traffic violation?				
Is anyone currently on parole or probation?				
Head of Household Signature		Date	9	
Other Adult Signature		Date	2	
Other Adult Signature	<u> </u>	Date	2	

Last Updated: June 2022

# Income, Asset & Rent Calculation

Client Name Calculation Date Client Unique ID Effective Date				
		GROSS HOUSEHO	LD INCOME	
mont	th period following		from all sources anticipated to be redification. Therefore, income must be appropriately for all income sources.	
1)	commissions, fees, payroll deductions	efore payroll deductions) of annual wa tips and bonuses, other compensatio . (Applies to client and all household n der, only \$480 of annual earned incon	n for personal services prior to nembers 18 and older. For full-time	
<ul><li>2)</li><li>3)</li><li>4)</li></ul>	pensions, disability periodic payment ( Payments in lieu of severance pay (Exc WELFARE ASSISTAL	from Social Security, annuities, insurally or death benefits, excluding lump sure (Except as provided in (c)(14)). If earnings, such as unemployment, discept as provided in (c)(3)). NCE, including payments made under state, or local governments which are sions).	m payments for the delayed start of a ability, worker's compensation, and other programs funded, separately or	
5)		es including alimony and child support om organizations or persons not residi		
6)	Net income from o	operation of a business or profession.		
7)	net family assets a income derived fro	s, and other net income of any kind fro re in excess of \$5,000, annual income om net family assets or a percentage o ook savings rate, as determined by HUI	shall include the greater of actual f the value of such assets based on	
8)	All regular pay, spe	ecial pay and allowances of a member	of the Armed Forces (Except Hostile	
9)	Fire Pay).  ANNUAL GROSS IN	ICOME (Sum of lines 1-8)		\$ -
10)	MONTHLY GROSS	INCOME (Line 9 divided by 12.)		\$ -

Last Revision: June 2022

## **ALLOWANCES**

Per HUD regulations 24CFR5.611(a) the annual adjusted income is determined by deducting the following allowances from the annual gross income.

11)	NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS	\$ -
	(\$480 for each) Dependents include household members under the age of 18, elderly dependents, handicapped, disabled, or full-time students, but not the family head, spouse or foster children.	
12)	\$400 FOR ELDERLY OR DISABLED FAMILY	
13)	This allowance is provided to any family whose head, spouse, or sole member is at least 62 years of age OR is handicapped/disabled. (ONLY <b>ONE</b> DEDUCTION PER FAMILY/HOUSEHOLD PER YEAR) REASONABLE CHILDCARE EXPENSES (ANNUAL EXPENSE)	
,	These are expenses anticipated during the year for children 12 years of age and under that enable a household member to work, seek employment, or to further education. Deductible expenses for childcare to enable a person to work shall not exceed the amount of income received from such work. Childcare cannot be paid to another member of the household. (ONLY EXPENSES NOT REIMBURSED FROM ANY OTHER SOURCES ARE ALLOWED)	
14)	THE SUM OF THE FOLLOWING EXPENSES, TO THE EXTENT THE SUM EXCEEDS 3% OF ANNUAL GROSS INCOME  This deduction may not exceed the earned income received by family members who are 18 years of age or older and who are able to work because of such attendance care or auxiliary apparatus.  a) DISABILITY ASSISTANCE EXPENSES FOR DISABLED FAMILY MEMBERS	
	This allowance covers reasonable expenses anticipated during the period for attendance care (provided by a non-household member) and/or auxiliary apparatus for any disabled household member that enables that person or any other household member to work.  Deduction may not exceed the amount of income generated by the person enabled towork. (ONLY EXPENSES NOT REIMBURSED FROM ANY OTHER SOURCES ARE ALLOWED.)	
	b) MEDICAL EXPENSES FOR ELDERLY/DISABLED FAMILY Expenses for the entire family may be counted ONLY IF the family receives the Elderly/Disabled Family Allowance on line 12. (ONLY EXPENSES NOT REIMBURSED FROM ANY OTHER SOURCES ARE ALLOWED.)	
15)	TOTAL NON-REIMBURSED MEDICAL EXPENSES (line 14a + 14b)	\$ -
16)	3% OF ANNUAL GROSS INCOME (Line 9 x .03)	\$ -
17)	ALLOWABLE MEDICAL EXPENSE DEDUCTION	\$ -
	(line 15 minus 16; if negative, enter 0) The Allowable Medical Expense Deduction is the	

amount of the Total Non-Reimbursed Medical Expenses that exceeds 3% of Annual Gross

Last Revision: June 2022

Income. If result is a negative number, client is not eligible for deduction.

MFA Income/Asset/Rent Calculation

	ADJUSTED INCOME		
19)	ANNUAL GROSS INCOME (from line 9)	\$	-
20)	TOTAL ALLOWANCES (Sum of lines 11, 12, 13, 17 and 18)	\$	
20)	TOTAL ALLOWANCES (Sull of lines 11, 12, 13, 17 and 16)	Ş	-
21)	ANNUAL ADJUSTED INCOME	\$	-
	(If line 19 > line 20, line 19 minus line 20; otherwise, 0)		
221	A CONTINUE AD MICTED INCOME (II	4	
22)	MONTHLY ADJUSTED INCOME (Line 21 divided 12)  AREA MEDIAN INCOME	\$	-
	AREA MEDIAN INCOME		
23)	How many household members		
24)	What county is the unit in?		
25\	What is the 30% AMI for the household size and unit county?		
25)	What is the 50% Aivii for the nousehold size and unit county!		
26)	Is the household annual gross income less than or equal to the 30% AMI limit?		
•			
	NO- HOUSEHOLD DOES NOT QUALIFY DUE TO INCOME LIMITS		
	YES - HOUSEHOLD MEETS THE INCOME LIMITS		
	TENANT RENT PAYMENT		
23)	TENANT RENT DETERMINATION		
	a) METHOD 1: 30% OF MONTHLY ADJUSTED INCOME (Line 22 x .30)	\$	-
	b) METHOD 2: 10% OF MONTHLY GROSS INCOME (Line 10 x .10)	\$	-
24)	CALCULATED TENANT DODTION (Ab a bish on of line 222 on 22b)	<b>*</b>	
24)	CALCULATED TENANT PORTION (the higher of line 23a or 23b)	\$	-
25)	UTILITY ALLOWANCE (if applicable)		
,	A tenant is only eligible for a utility allowance if utilities are <b>NOT</b> included in the rent charge.		
	Copies of HUD-approved utility allowance charts may be obtained from local Housing		
	Authorities and are updated periodically.		
26)	ADJUSTED TENANT PORTION	\$	-
	(if line 24 > 25, line 24 - 25; otherwise, enter 0)		
27)	TOTAL FAMILY UNIT RENT (from lease)		
28)	TENANT RENT PAYMENT (lesser of line 26 and 27)	\$	-
	THIS IS THE AMOUNT THE TENANT PAYS TO THE LANDLORD.		
	SUBSIDY PAYMENTS		
29)	RENT SUBSIDY PAYMENT (Line 27 minus 28)	\$	-
	THIS IS THE AMOUNT THE PROGRAM PAYS TO THE LANDLORD.		
30)	UTILITY REIMBURSEMENT (if line 24 <= 25, line 25 - 24; otherwise, enter 0)	\$	-
	THIS IS THE AMOUNT THE PROGRAM PAYS FOR THE TENANT'S UTILITIES.		
Staff	Signature	Date	

Last Revision: June 2022

# Income from Assets Calculation Linkages

Client Name	Calculation Date	
Client Unique ID	Effective Date	

	HOUSEHOLD ASSETS						
				Cost to convert to		Anticipated	
1)	Family member name	Asset type	Face value	cash	Cash value	income	
			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	
			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
			-	\$ -	-	-	

- 2) Total cash value \$ -
- 3) Total anticipated value \$ -

### **INCOME FROM ASSETS**

- 4) HUD passbook savings rate (written as a decimal)
- 5) Imputed asset income (if line 2 is \$5,000 or less, enter 0; otherwise, line 2 times line 4)
- 6) Final asset income (larger of line 3 or line 5)

# REQUEST FOR TENANCY FORM LINKAGES PROGRAM

When a participant selects a unit, the owner of the unit completes this form to provide the Housing Administrator (HA) with information about the unit. The information is used to determine if the unit is eligible for rental assistance.

Landlord/Property Owner Information				
Name				
Street Address				
City, State, Zip				
Phone Number				
Email				
	Propose	d Unit Information	Ī	
Street Address		City, State, Zip		
Year Built		# of Bedrooms		
Structure Type		Square Footage		
Proposed Rent		Security Deposit		
Unit Available for Inspection		Requested Lease Start Date		
If this unit is subsidiz	ed, please specify the ty	pe of subsidy		
		ppliance Information		
(Enter who	is financially responsibl	e for each one not who	is supplying the	e items)
Utilities/Appliance	Paid by		Type	
		☐Bottle Gas	□Coal	□Electric
Heating		☐Natural Gas	□Oil	□Wood
		□Other:		
		☐Bottle Gas	□Coal	□Electric
Stove/Oven		☐Natural Gas	□Oil	□Wood
		□Other:		1
		☐Bottle Gas	□Coal	□Electric
Water Heating		□Natural Gas	□Oil	□Wood
_		□Other:		1
Other Electric				
Water				
Sewer				
Trash Collection				
Air Conditioning			N/A	
Other:				
	Provided			
Refrigerator	_			
Range/Microwave				

# REQUEST FOR TENANCY FORM LINKAGES PROGRAM

### **HA USE ONLY**

Tenant's Name			
Rent Amount			
Utility Allowance (UA)			
Gross Rent (Rent + UA)			
Fair Market Rent			
Rent Reasonableness			
Does this unit meet the Fair	Market Rent Allov	ved for this unit? □Yes □No	
Does this unit meet Rent Re	easonableness? 🗆	Yes □ No	
Signatures:			
Housing Administrator Pri	nted Name	Landlord/Property Owner Printed Name	
Housing Administrator Sig	nature	Landlord/Property Owner Signature	
Date		Date	

Date of Last Update: June 2022

# REQUEST FOR TENANCY LINKAGES PROGRAM

When a participant selects a unit, the owner of the unit completes this form to provide the Housing Administrator (HA) with information about the unit. The information is used to determine if the unit is eligible for rental assistance.

Landlord/Property Owner Information				
Name				
Street Address				
City, State, Zip				
Phone Number				
Email				
	Proposed (	Jnit Information		
Street Address		City, State, Zip		
Year Built		# of Bedrooms		
Structure Type		Square Footage		
Proposed Rent		Security Deposit		
Unit Available for Inspection		Requested Lease Start Date		
	ed, please specify the type	of subsidy		
THE CHIS CHITCHS SUBSTICIZE		liance Information		
(Enter who	is financially responsible for		is supplying the	items)
Utilities/Appliance	Paid by		Туре	
		☐Bottle Gas	□Coal	□Electric
Heating		☐ Natural Gas	□Oil	□Wood
		□Other:		
		☐ Bottle Gas	□Coal	□Electric
Water Heating		☐ Natural Gas	□Oil	□Wood
		□Other:		
Other Electric		☐Bottle Gas	□Coal	□Electric
		☐ Natural Gas	□Oil	□Wood
Water		□Other:		
Sewer				
Trash Collection				
Air Conditioning				
Other:			N/A	
	Provided			
Refrigerator		-		
Range/Microwave		-		

# **HA USE ONLY**

Tenant's Name			
Rent Amount			
Utility Allowance (UA)			
Gross Rent (Rent + UA)			
Fair Market Rent			
Rent Reasonableness			
Does this unit meet the Fai	r Market Rent Allo	wed for this unit? $\square$ Yes $\square$ No	
Does this unit meet Rent Ro	easonableness? $\Box$	Yes □ No	
Signatures:			
Housing Administrator Pri	nted Name	Landlord/Property Owner Printed Name	
Housing Administrator Sig	nature	Landlord/Property Owner Signature	
Date		Date	

Date of Last Update: January 2022 HA Form

# Unit Eligibility Determination Linkages

	nt Name		Calculation Date	
Clier	nt Unique ID			
1)	What unit size is the fa	mily eligible for?		
2)	What is the actual unit	size?		
3)	Write the lower of the (lesser of line 1 and lin	eligible unit size and the actual e 2)	al unit size	
4)	What is the payment s	tandard (or FMR) of the unit	size in line 3?	
5)	What is the utility allow	ance, based on the unit size	in line 2?	
6)	Add the utility allowand This is the allowable	e from the payment standard rent for this unit.	I (line 4 plus line 5)	\$ -
7)	What is the actual rent	for this family's unit?		
8)	Is the unit rent less that	n or equal to the allowable re	ent? (line 7 <= line 6)	

MFA Linkages Rent Calculation

Yes -- this unit qualifies

No -- this unit does not qualify for this family.

Last Revision: June 2022

# RENT REASONABLENESS CHECKLIST AND CERTIFICATION

Checklist	Proposed Unit	Unit #1	Unit #2	Unit #3	
Address					
Number of Bedrooms					
Square Feet					
Type of Unit/Construction					
Housing Condition					
Location/Accessibility					
Amenities					
Unit:					
Site:					
Neighborhood:					
Age in Years					
Utilities (type)					
Unit Rent Utility Allowance					
Gross Rent					
Handicap Accessible?					
CERTIFICATION:  A. Compliance with	Payment Standar	d			
Proposed Contract Rent + Utility Allowance = Proposed Gross Rent  Approved rent does not exceed applicable Payment Standard of \$					
<b>B. Rent Reasonableness</b> Based upon a comparison with rents for comparable units, I have determined that the					
proposed rent for the unit [ ] is [ ] is not reasonable.					
Printed Name			Signature		

LAST UPDATED: JUNE 2022

Date

HA FORM

# **Inspection Form**

Housing Choice Voucher Program

# U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB Approval No. 2577-0169 (exp. 07/31/2022)

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.25 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. This agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless that collection displays a valid OMB control number.

**Privacy Act Statement**. The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is authorized to collect the information required on this form by Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f). Collection of the name and address of both the family and the owner is mandatory. The information is used to determine if a unit meets the housing quality standards of the section 8 rental assistance program. HUD may disclose this information to Federal, State and local agencies when relevant to civil, criminal, or regulatory investigations and prosecutions. It will not be otherwise disclosed or released outside of HUD, except as permitted or required by law. Failure to provide any of the information may result in delay or rejection of family participation.

Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this collection. This collection of information is authorized under Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of I937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f). The information is used to determine if a unit meets the housing quality standards of the section 8 rental assistance program. PHA Tenant ID Number Date of Request (mm/dd/yyyy) Date Last Inspection (mm/dd/yyyy) Date of Inspection (mm/dd/yyyy) Inspector Neighborhood/Census Tract Type of Inspection Project Number Initial Special Reinspection A. General Information Housing Type (check as appropriate) Street Address of Inspected Unit Single Family Detached Duplex or Two Family Row City County State House or Town House Name of Family Current Telephone of Family Low Rise: 3,4 Stories, Including Garden Apartment **Current Street Address of Family** High Rise; 5 or More Stories Manufactured Home City County State Zip Congregate Cooperative Number of Children in Family Under 6 Independent Group Residence Name of Owner or Agent Authorized to Lease Unit Inspected Telephone of Owner or Agent Single Room Occupancy **Shared Housing** Address of Owner or Agent Other:(Specify)

#### B. Summary Decision on the Unit

(to be completed after the form has been filled in)

#### Housing Quality Standard Pass or Fail

<b>3 3</b>
1. Fail If there are any checks under the column headed "Fail" the unit
fails the minimum housing quality standards. Discuss with the owner the
repairs noted that would be necessary to bring the unit up to the standard.
2. <b>Inconclusive</b> If there are no checks under the column headed "Fail"
and there are checks under the column headed "Inconclusive," obtain
additional information necessary for a decision (question owner or tenant as
indicated in the item instructions given in this checklist). Once additional
information is obtained, change the rating for the item and record the date of
verification at the far right of the form.
3. Pass If neither (1) nor (2) above is checked, the unit passes the
minimum housing quality standards. Any additional conditions described in the
right hand column of the form should serve to (a) establish the precondition of the
unit, (b) indicate possible additional areas to negotiate with the owner,
(c) aid in assessing the reasonableness of the rent of the unit, and (d) aid
the tenant in deciding among possible units to be rented. The tenant is
responsible for deciding whether he or she finds these conditions
acceptable.

Unit Size: Count the number of bedrooms for purposes of the

Year Constructed: Enter from Line 5 of the Request for Tenancy Approval form. Record in the box provided.

FMR or Payment Standard. Record in the box provided.

**Number of Sleeping Rooms**: Count the number of rooms which could be used for sleeping, as identified on the checklist. Record in the box provided.

#### C. How to Fill Out This Checklist

Complete the checklist on the unit to be occupied (or currently occupied) by the tenant. Proceed through the inspection as follows:

#### **Checklist Category**

room by room 1. Living Room

2. Kitchen

3. Bathroom

4. All Other Rooms Used for Living

5. All Secondary Rooms Not Used for Living

basement or utility room

6. Heating & Plumbing7. Building Exterior

outside

overall

8. General Health & Safety

Each part of the checklist will be accompanied by an explanation of the item

to be inspected.

Important: For each item numbered on the checklist, check one box only (e.g., check one box only for item 1.4 "Security "in the Living Room.)

In the space to the right of the description of the item, if the decision on the item is: "Fail" write what repairs are necessary; If "Inconclusive" write in details.

Also, if "Pass" but there are some conditions present that need to be brought to the attention of the owner or the tenant, write these in the space to the right.

If it is an annual inspection, record to the right of the form any repairs made since the last inspection. If possible, record reason for repair (e.g., ordinary maintenance, tenant damage).

If it is a complaint inspection, fill out only those checklist items for which complaint is lodged. Determine, if possible, tenant or owner cause. Once the checklist has been completed, return to Part B (Summary Decision on the Unit).

## 1. Living Room

#### 1.1 Living Room Present

Note: If the unit is an efficiency apartment, consider the living room present.

#### 1.2 Electricity

In order to qualify, the outlets must be present and properly installed in the baseboard, wall or floor of the room. Do not count a single duplex receptacle as two outlets, i.e., there must be **two** of these in the room, or **one** of these **plus a permanently installed ceiling or wall light fixture**.

Both the outlets and/or the light must be working. Usually, a room will have sufficient lights or electrical appliances plugged into outlets to determine workability. Be sure light fixture does not fail just because the bulb is burned out.

Do not count any of the following items or fixtures as outlets/fixtures: Table or floor lamps (these are **not** permanent light fixtures); ceiling lamps plugged into socket; extension cords.

If the electric service to the unit has been temporarily turned of f check "Inconclusive." Contact owner or manager after inspection to verify that electricity functions properly when service is turned on. Record this information on the checklist.

#### 1.3 Electrical Hazards

Examples of what this means: broken wiring; non-insulated wiring; frayed wiring; improper types of wiring, connections or insulation; wires lying in or located near standing water or other unsafe places; light fixture hanging from electric wiring without other firm support or fixture; missing cover plates on switches or outlets; badly cracked outlets; exposed fuse box connections; overloaded circuits evidenced by frequently "blown" fuses (ask the tenant).

Check "Inconclusive" if you are uncertain about severity of the problem and seek expert advice.

#### 1. 4 Security

"Accessible to outside" means: doors open to the outside or to a common public hall; windows accessible from the outside (e.g. basement and first floor); windows or doors leading onto a fire escape, porch or other outside place that can be reached from the ground.

"Lockable" means: the window or door has a properly working lock, or is nailed shut, or the window is not designed to be opened. A storm window lock that is working properly is acceptable. Windows that are nailed shut are acceptable only if these windows are not needed for ventilation or as an alternate exit in case of fire.

#### 1.5 Window Condition

Rate the windows in the room (including windows in doors).

"Severe deterioration" means that the window no longer has the capacity to keep out the wind and the rain or is a cutting hazard. Examples are: missing or broken-out panes; dangerously loose cracked panes; windows that will not close; windows that, when closed, do not form a reasonably tight seal.

If more than one window in the room is in this condition, give details in the space provided on the right of the form.

If there is only "moderate deterioration" of the windows the item should "Pass." "Moderate deterioration" means windows which are reasonably weather-tight, but show evidence of some aging, abuse, or lack of repair. Signs of deterioration are: minor crack in window pane; splintered sill; signs of some minor rotting in the window frame or the window itself; window panes loose because of missing window putty. Also for deteriorated and peeling paint see 1.9. If more than one window is in this condition, give details in the space provided on the right of the form.

#### 1.6 Ceiling Condition

"Unsound or hazardous" means the presence of such serious defects that either a potential exists for structural collapse or that large cracks or holes allow significant drafts to enter the unit. The condition includes: severe bulging or buckling; large holes; missing parts; falling or in danger of falling loose surface materials (other than paper or paint).

Pass ceilings that are basically sound but haves some nonhazardous defects, including: small holes or cracks; missing or broken ceiling tiles; water stains; soiled surfaces; unpainted surfaces; peeling paint (for peeling paint see item 1.9).

#### 1.7 Wall Condition

"Unsound or hazardous" includes: serious de fects such that the structural safety of the building is threatened, such as severe buckling, bulging or leaning; damaged or loose structural members; large holes; air infiltration.

Pass walls that are basically sound but have some non hazardous defects, including: small or shallow holes; cracks; loose or missing parts; unpainted surfaces; peeling paint (for peeling paint see item 1.9).

#### 1.8 Floor Condition

"Unsound or hazardous" means the presence of such serious defects that a potential exists for structural collapse or other threats to safety (e.g., st ripping) or large cracks or hol es al low substantial dr afts f rom below the floor. The condition includes: severe buckling or major movements under walking stress; damaged or missing parts.

Pass floors that are basically sound but have some nonhazardous defects, including: heavily worn or damaged floor surface (for ex-ample, scratches or gouges in surface, missing portions of tile or linoleum, previous water damage). If there is a floor covering, also note the condition, especially if badly worn or soiled. If there is a floor covering, including paint or sealant, also note the conditions, specially if badly worn, soiled or peeling (for peeling paint, see 1.9).

#### 1.9 Lead-Based Paint

Housing Choice Voucher Units If the unit was built January 1, 1978, or after, no child under age six will occupy or currently occupies it, is a 0-BR, elderly or handicapped unit with no children under age six on the lease or expected, has been certified leadbased paint free by a certified lead-based paint inspector (no leadbased paint present or no lead-based paint present after removal of lead-based paint.), check NA and do not inspect painted surfaces.

This requirement applies to all painted surfaces (building components) within the unit. (Do not include tenant belongings). Surfaces to receive a visual assessment for deteriorated paint include walls, floors, ceilings, built in cabinets (sink bases), baseboards, doors, door frames, windows systems including mullions, sills, or frames and any other painted building component within the unit. Deteriorated paint includes any painted surface that is peeling, chipping, chalking, cracking, damaged or otherwise separated from the substrate.

All deteriorated paint surfaces more than 2 sq. ft. in any one interior room or space, or more than 10% of the total surface area of an interior type of component with a small surface area (i.e., window sills, baseboards, and trim) must be stabilized (corrected) in accordance with all safe work practice requirements and clearance is required. If the deteriorated painted surface is less than 2 sq. ft. or less than 10% of the component, only stabilization is required. Clearance testing is not required. Stabilization means removal of deteriorated paint, repair of the substrate, and application of a new protective coating or paint. Lead-Based Paint Owner Certification is required following stabilization activities, except for *de minimis level* repairs.

1. Living Room	For e	ach	ոստի	pered item, check one box only.	
Item Description No.		No, Fail		If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval
1.1 Living Room Present Is there a living room?					
1.2 Electricity  Are there at least two working outlets or one working outlet and one working light fixture?					
<b>1.3 Electrical Hazards</b> Is the room free from electrical hazards?					
<b>1.4 Security</b> Are all windows and doors that are accessible from the outside lockable?					
1.5 Window Condition Is there at least one window, and are all windows free of signs of severe deterioration or missing or broken out panes?					
<b>1.6 Ceiling Condition</b> Is the ceiling sound and free from hazardous defects?					
1.7 Wall Condition Are the walls sound and free from hazardous defects?					
<b>1.8 Floor Condition</b> Is the floor sound and free from hazardous defects?					
1.9 Lead-Based Paint Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint?					
If no, does deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet and/or more than 10% of a component?				Not Applicable	
Additional Comments: (Give Item Number)					

Previous editions are obsolete Page 4 of 19 form **HUD-52580-A** (07/19)

No

Yes

Comments continued on a separate page

#### 2. Kitchen

#### 2.1 Kitchen Area Present

Note: A kitchen is an area used for preparation of meals. It may be either a separate room or an area of a larger room (for example, a kitchen area in an efficiency apartment).

# 2.2 - 2.9 Explanation for these items is the same as that provided for "Living Room" with the following modifications:

#### 2.2 Electricity

Note: The requirement is that at least one outlet and one permanent light fixture are present and working.

#### 2.5 Window Condition

Note: The absence of a window does not fail this item in the kitchen. If there is no window, check "Pass."

#### 2.10 Stove or Range with Oven

Both an oven and a stove (or range) with top burners must be present and working. If either Is missing and you know that the owner is responsible for supplying these appliances, check "Fail." Put check in 'Inconclusive' column if the tenant is responsible for supplying the appliances and he or she has not yet moved in. Contact tenant or prospective tenant to gain verification that facility will be supplied and is in working condition. Hot plates are not acceptable substitutes for these facilities.

An oven is not working if it will not heat up. To be working a stove or range must have all burners working and knobs to turn them off and on. Under "working c ondition," also look for hazardous gas hook-ups evidenced by strong gas smells; these should fail. (Be sure that this condition is not confused with an unlit pilot light -a condition that should be noted, but does not fail.)

If both an oven and a stove or range are present, but the gas or electricity are turned off, check "Inconclusive." Contact owner or manager to get verification that facility works when gas is turned on. If both an oven and a stove or range are present and working, but defects exist, check "Pass" and note these to the right of the form. Possible defects are marked, dented, or scratched surfaces; cracked burner ring; limited size relative to family needs.

A microwave oven may be substituted for a tenant-supplied oven and stove (or range).

A microwave oven may be substituted for an owner-supplied oven and stove (or range) if the tenant agrees and microwave ovens are furnished instead of ovens and stoves (or ranges) to both subsidized and unsubsidized tenants in the building or premises.

#### 2.11 Refrigerator

If no refrigerator is present, use the same criteria for marking either "Fail" or "Inconclusive" as were used for the oven and stove or range.

A refrigerator is not working if it will not maintain a temperature low enough to keep food from spoiling over a reasonable period of time.

enough to keep food from spoiling over a reasonable period of time. If the electricity is turned off, mark 'Inconclusive." C ontact owner (or tenant if unit is occupied) to get verification of working condition. If the refrigerator is present and working but defects exist, note these to the right of the form. Possible minor defects include: broken or missing interior shelving; dented or scratched interior or exterior surfaces; minor deterioration of door seal; loose door handle.

#### 2.12 Sink

If a permanently attached kitchen sink is not present in the kitchen or kitchen area, mark 'Fail." A sink in a bathroom or a portable basin will not satisfy this requirement. A sink is not working unless it has running hot and cold water from the faucets and a properly connected and properly working drain (with a "gas trap"). In a vacant apartment, the hot water may have be en turned off and there will be no hot water. Mark this "Inconclusive." Check with owner or manager to verify that hot water is available when service is turned on.

If a working sink has defects, note this to the right of the item. Possible minor defects include: dripping faucet; marked, dented, or scratched surface; slow drain; missing or broken drain stopper.

#### 2.13 Space for Storage, Preparation, and Serving of Food

Some space must be available for the storage, preparation, and serving of food. If there is no built-in space for food storage and preparation, a table used for food preparation and a portable storage cabinet will satisfy the requirement. If there is no built-in space, and no room for a table and portable cabinet, check "Inconclusive" and discuss with the tenant. The tenant makes the final determination as to whether or not this space is acceptable. If there are some minor defects, check "Pass" and make notes to the right. Possible defects include: marked, dented, or scratched surfaces; broken shelving or cabinet doors; broken drawers or cabinet hardware; limited size relative to family needs.

2. Kitchen	For each numbered item, check one box only.	
Item Description No.	Decision    Section   Sect	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval
2.1 Kitchen Area Present Is there a kitchen?		ı
<b>2.2 Electricity</b> Are there at least one working outlet and one working, permanently installed light fixture?		
2.3 Electrical Hazards Is the kitchen free from electrical hazards?		ı
<b>2.4 Security</b> Are all windows and doors that are accessible from the outside lockable?		
<b>2.5 Window Condition</b> Are all windows free of signs of deterioration or missing or broken out panes?		
<b>2.6 Ceiling Condition</b> Is the ceiling sound and free from hazardous defects		ı
2.7 Wall Condition Are the walls sound and free from hazardous defects?		
<b>2.8 Floor Condition</b> Is the floor sound and free from hazardous defects?		ı
2.9 Lead-Based Paint  Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint?  If no, does deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet and/or less than 10% of a component?	Not Applicable	
2.10 Stove or Range with Oven Is there a working oven, and a stove (or range) with top burners that work? If no oven and stove (or range) are present, is there a microwave oven and, if microwave is owner-sup-		
plied, do other tenants have microwaves instead of an oven and stove (or range)? 2.11 Refrigerator		
Is there a refrigerator that works and maintains a temperature low enough so that food does not spoil over a reasonable period of time?		ı
2.12 Sink Is there a kitchen sink that works with hot and cold running water?		
2.13 Space for Storage, Preparation, and Serving of Food		
Is there space to store, prepare, and serve food?		
Additional Comments: (Give Item Number)(Use a	n additional page if necessary)	
Tes		

#### 3. Bathroom

#### 3.1 Bathroom Present

Most units have easily identifiable bathrooms (i.e., a separate room with toilet, washbasin and tub or shower). In some cases, however, you will encounter units with scattered bathroom facilities (i.e., toilet. washbasin and tub or shower located in separate parts of the unit). At a minimum, there must be an enclosure around the toilet. In this case, count the enclosure around the toilet as the bathroom and proceed with 3.2-3.9 below, with respect to this enclosure. If there is more than one bathroom that is normally used, rate the one that is in best condition for Part 3. If there is a second bathroom that is also used, complete Part 4 of the checklist for this room. (See Inspection Manual for additional notes on rating the second bathroom.)

# 3.2 - 3.9 Explanation for these items is the same as that provided for "Living Room" with the following modifications:

#### 3.2 Electricity

Note: The requirement is that at least one permanent light fixture is present and working

#### 3.3 Electrical Hazards

Note: In addition to the previously mentioned hazards, outlets that are located where water might splash or collect are considered an electrical hazard.

#### 3.5 Window Condition

Note: The absence of a window does not fail this item in the bathroom (see item 3.13, Ventilation, for relevance of window with respect to ventilation). If there is no window, but a working vent system is present, check "Pass."

#### 3.7 Wall Condition

Note: Include under nonhazardous defects (that would pass, but should be noted) the following: broken or loose tile; deteriorated grouting at tub/wall and tub/floor joints, or tiled surfaces; water stains.

#### 3.8 Floor Condition

Note: Include under nonhazardous defects (that would pass, but should be noted) the following: missing floor tiles; water stains.

#### 3.10 Flush Toilet in Enclosed Room in Unit

The toilet must be contained within the unit, be in proper operating condition, and be available for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit (i.e., outhouses or facilities shared by occupants of other units are not acceptable). It must allow for privacy.

Not working means: the toilet is not connected to a water supply; it is not connected to a sewer drain; it is clogged; it does not have a trap; the connections, vents or traps are faulty to the extent that severe leakage of water or escape of gases occurs; the flushing mechanism does not function properly. If the water to the unit has been turned off, check "Inconclusive." O btain verification from owner or manager that facility works properly when water is turned on.

Comment to the right of the form if the toilet is "present, exclusive, and working," but has the following types of defects: constant running; chipped or broken porcelain; slow draining.

If drain b lockage is more serious and occurs further in the sewer line, causing backup, check item 7.6, "Fail," under the plumbing and heating part of the checklist. A sign of serious sewer blockage is the presence of numerous backed-up drains.

#### 3.11 Fixed Wash Basin or Lavatory in Unit

The wash basin must be permanently installed (i.e., a portable wash basin does not satisfy the requirement). Also, a kitchen sink used to pass the requirements under Part 2 of the checklist (kitchen facilities) cannot also serve as the bathroom wash basin. The wash basin may be located separate from the other bathroom facilities (e.g., in a hallway).

Not working means: the wash basin is not connected to a system that will deliver hot and cold running water; it is not connected to a properly operating drain; the connectors ( or vents or traps) are faulty to the extent that severe leakage of water or escape of sewer gases occurs. If the water to the unit or the hot water unit has been turned off, check "Inconclusive." Obtain verification from owner or manager that the system is in working condition.

Comment to the right of the form if the wash basin is "present and working," but has the following types of minor defects: insufficient water pressure; dripping faucets; minor leaks; cracked or chipped porcelain; slow drain (see discussion above under 3.10).

#### 3.12 Tub or Shower in Unit

Not present means that neither a tub nor shower is present in the unit. Again, these facilities need not be in the same room with the rest of the bathroom facilities. They must, however, be private.

Not working covers the same requirements detailed above for wash basin (3.11).

Comment to the right of the form if the tub or shower is present and working, but has the following types of defects: dripping faucet; minor leaks; cracked porcelain; slow drain (see discussion under 3.10); absent or broken support rod for shower curtain.

#### 3.13 Ventilation

Working vent systems include: ventilation shafts (non -mechanical vents) and electric fans. Electric vent fans must function when switch is turned on. (Make sure that any malfunctions are not due to the fan not being plugged in.) If electric current to the unit has not been turned on (and there is no operable window), check "Inconclusive." Obtain verification from owner or manager that system works. Note: exhaust vents must be vented to the outside, attic, or crawlspace.

3. Bathroom		ered item, check one box only.	
Item Description No.	Yes, Pass No, Fail	If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval
<b>3.1 Bathroom Present</b> (See description) Is there a bathroom?			
3.2 Electricity Is there at least one permanently installed light fixture	9? 🗌 🗎 📗		
3.3 Electrical Hazards Is the bathroom free from electrical hazards?			
<b>3.4 Security</b> Are all windows and doors that are accessible from the outside lockable?			
3.5 Window Condition Are all windows free of signs of deterioration or missing or broken out panes?			
3.6 Ceiling Condition Is the ceiling sound and free from hazardous defects	6?		
<b>3.7 Wall Condition</b> Are the walls sound and free from hazardous defects	s?		
3.8 Floor Condition Is the floor sound and free from hazardous defects	?		
3.9 Lead-Based Paint Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint? If no, does deteriorated surfaces exceed two squarfeet and/or more than 10% of a component?	re	Not Applicable	
3.10 Flush Toilet in Enclosed Room in Unit Is there a working toilet in the unit for the exclusive private use of the tenant?			
3.11 Fixed Wash Basin or Lavatory in Unit Is there a working, permanently installed wash bas with hot and cold running water in the unit?	in .		
<b>3.12 Tub or Shower</b> Is there a working tub or shower with hot and cold running water in the unit?			
<b>3.13 Ventilation</b> Are there operable windows or a working vent system?			
Additional Comments: (Give Item Number)(Use	an additional pa	age if necessary)	
Comments continued on a separate page Yes [	No		

## 4. Other Room Used for Living and Halls

Complete an "Other Room" checklist for as many "other rooms used for living" as are present in the unit and not already noted in Parts I, 2, and 3 of the checklist. See the discussion below for definition of "used for living." Also complete an "Other Room" checklist for all entrance halls, corridors, and staircases that are located within the unit and are part of the area used for living. If a hall, entry and/or stairway are contiguous, rate them as a whole (i.e., as part of one space).

Additional forms for rating "Other Rooms" are provided in the check-list

Definition of "used for living." Rooms "used for living" are areas of the unit that are walked through or lived in on a regular basis. Do not include rooms or other areas that have been permanently, or near permanently, closed off or areas that are infrequently entered. For example, do not include a utility room, attached shed, attached closed-in porch, basement, or garage if they are closed off from the main living area or are infrequently entered. Do include any of these areas if they are frequently used (e.g., a finished basement/play-room, a closed-in porch that is used as a bedroom during summer months). Occasional use of a washer or dryer in an otherwise unused room does not constitute regular use.

If the unitis vacant and you do not know the eventual use of a particular room, complete an ''Other Room'' checklist if there is any chance that the room will be used on a regular basis. If there is no chance that the room will be used on a regular basis, do not include it (e.g., an unfinished basement) since it will be checked under Part 5, All Secondary Rooms (Rooms not used for living).

#### 4.1 Room Code and Room Location

Enter the appropriate room code given below:

#### Room Codes:

- 1 Bedroom or a ny other room used for sleeping (regardless of type of room)
- 2 = Dining Room or Dining Area
- 3 = Second Living Room, Family Room, Den, Playroom, TV Room
- 4 = Entrance Halls, Corridors, Halls, Staircases
- A = dditional Bathroom (also check presence of sink trap and clogged toilet)
- 6 = Other

**Room Location:** Write on the line provided the location of the room with respect to the unit's width, length and floor level as if you were standing outside the unit facing the entrance to the unit:

right/left/center: record whether the room is situated to the right, left, or center of the unit.

front/rear/center: record whether the room is situated to the back, front or center of the unit.

floor level: identify the floor level on which the room is located. If the unit is vacant, you may have some difficulty predicting the eventual use of a room. Before giving any room a code of 1 (bedroom), the room must meet all of the requirements for a "room used for sleeping" (see items 4. 2 and 4.5).

# 4.2 - 4.9 Explanations of these items are the same as those provided for "Living Room" with the following modifications:

#### 4.2 Electricity/Illumination

If the room code is not a "1," the room must have a means of natural or ar tificial illumination such as a permanent I ight fixture, wall outlet present, or light from a window in the room or near the room. If any required item is missing, check "Fail." If the electricity is turned off, check "Inconclusive."

#### 4.5 Window Condition

Any room used for sleeping must have at least one window. If the windows in sleeping rooms are designed to be opened, at least one window must be operable. The minimum standards do not require a window in "other rooms." Therefore, if there is no window in another room not used for sleeping, check "Pass." and note "no window" in the area for comments.

#### 4.6 Smoke Detectors

At least one battery-operated or hard-wired smoke detector must be present and working on each level of the unit, including the basement, but not the crawl spaces and unfinished attic.

Smoke detectors must be installed in accordance with and meet the requirements of the National Fire Protection Association Standard (NFPA) 74 (or its successor standards).

If the dwelling unit is occupied by any hearing-impaired person, smoke detectors must have an alarm system designed for hearing-impaired per sons as specified in NFPA 74 (or successor standards).

If the unit was under HAP contract prior to April 24, 1993, owners who installed battery-operated or hard-wired smoke detectors in compliance with HUD's smoke detector requirements, including the regulations published on July 30, 1992 (57 F R 33846), will not be required subsequently to comply with any additional requirements mandated by NFPA 74 (i.e. the owner would not be required to install a smoke detector in a basement not used for living purposes, nor would the owner be required to change the location of the smoke detectors that have already been installed on the other floors of the unit). In this case, check "Pass" and note under comments.

#### **Additional Notes**

For staircases, the adequacy of light and condition of the stair rails and railings is covered under Part 8 of the checklist (General Health and Safety)

	sed for Living an	d Halls Fo	r each numbered item, check one box only.		
4.1 Room Location right/left/center:	the room is situated to t	he right, left,	Room Code 1 = Bedroom or Any Other Room Used for Sleeping (regardless		
front/rear/center:	or center of the unit.  the room is situated to the back, front or center of the unit.		type of room) 2 = Dining Room or Dining Area 3 = Second Living Room, Family Room, Den, Playroom, TV Roo		
floor level:	the floor level on which located.	the room is	es nce of sink trap and		
		Decision	6 = Other:		
Item Description No.		Yes, Pass No, Fail Inconclusive	If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval	
4.2 Electricity/Illumination If Room Code is a 1, are therefore outlets or one working outlet a permanently installed light fixt If Room Code is not a 1, is the	e at least two working and one working, ure?				
4.3 Electrical Hazards Is the room free from electric	cal hazards?				
<b>4.4 Security</b> Are all windows and doors to the outside lockable?	hat are accessible from				
4.5 Window Condition If Room Code is a 1, is there	e at least one window?				
And, regardless of Room C free of signs of severe dete broken-out panes?					
<b>4.6 Ceiling Condition</b> Is the ceiling sound and free	from hazardous defects?				
<b>4.7 Wall Condition</b> Are the walls sound and free	from hazardous defects?				
4.8 Floor Condition Is the floor sound and free fr	rom hazardaya dafaata?				
4.9 Lead-Based Paint	om nazardous delects?				
Are all painted surfaces free	of deteriorated paint?				
If no, does deteriorated surfacet and/or more than 10% of	•		Not Applicable		
<b>4.10 Smoke Detectors</b> Is there a working smoke dete	ector on each level?				
Do the smoke detectors me NFPA 74?					
In units occupied by the hearing alarm system connected to the	• •				
Additional Comments: (G	Give Item Number)(Use a	in additional pa	age if necessary)		
Comments continued on a s	eparate page Yes	No			

4. Supplemental for Other Ro	ooms Used for L	iving and Halls For each numbered item, check or	ne box only.	
4.1 Room Location  right/left/center: the room is situ or center of the front/rear/center: the room is situ or center of the or center of the floor level: the floor level or located.	e unit. lated to the back, front	Room Code  1 = Bedroom or Any Other Room Used for Sleeping (regardless of type of room)		
Item Description No.	Yes, Pass No, Fail	If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval	
4.2 Electricity/Illumination  If Room Code is a 1, are there at least two working outlets or one working outlet and one working, permanently installed light fixture?  If Room Code is not a 1, is there a means of illu  4.3 Electrical Hazards				
Is the room free from electrical hazards?  4.4 Security  Are all windows and doors that are accessible the outside lockable?	ole from			
4.5 Window Condition  If Room Code is a 1, is there at least one wi And, regardless of Room Code, are all wind free of signs of severe deterioration or mis broken-out panes?  4.6 Ceiling Condition	dows			
ls the ceiling sound and free from hazardous  4.7 Wall Condition	defects?			
Are the walls sound and free from hazardous  4.8 Floor Condition				
4.9 Lead-Based Paint Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated lf no, does deteriorated surfaces exceed two feet and/or more than 10% of a component? 4.10 Smoke Detectors Is there a working smoke detector on each leve Do the smoke detectors meet the requirement.	paint?	Not Applicable		
NFPA 74?  In units occupied by the hearing impaired, is the alarm system connected to the smoke detectory.	nere an			
Additional Comments: (Give Item Number Comments continued on a separate page	er)(Use an additional pa	age if necessary)		

Previous editions are obsolete Page 11 of 19 form **HUD-52580-A** (07/19)

4. Supplemental for Other Ro	ooms Used for L	iving and Halls For each numbered item, check or	ne box only.	
4.1 Room Location  right/left/center: the room is situ or center of the front/rear/center: the room is situ or center of the or center of the floor level: the floor level or located.	e unit. lated to the back, front	Room Code  1 = Bedroom or Any Other Room Used for Sleeping (regardless of type of room)		
Item Description No.	Yes, Pass No, Fail	If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval	
4.2 Electricity/Illumination  If Room Code is a 1, are there at least two working outlets or one working outlet and one working, permanently installed light fixture?  If Room Code is not a 1, is there a means of illu  4.3 Electrical Hazards				
Is the room free from electrical hazards?  4.4 Security  Are all windows and doors that are accessible the outside lockable?	ole from			
4.5 Window Condition  If Room Code is a 1, is there at least one wi And, regardless of Room Code, are all wind free of signs of severe deterioration or mis broken-out panes?  4.6 Ceiling Condition	dows			
ls the ceiling sound and free from hazardous  4.7 Wall Condition	defects?			
Are the walls sound and free from hazardous  4.8 Floor Condition				
4.9 Lead-Based Paint Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated lf no, does deteriorated surfaces exceed two feet and/or more than 10% of a component? 4.10 Smoke Detectors Is there a working smoke detector on each leve Do the smoke detectors meet the requirement.	paint?	Not Applicable		
NFPA 74?  In units occupied by the hearing impaired, is the alarm system connected to the smoke detectory.	nere an			
Additional Comments: (Give Item Number Comments continued on a separate page	er)(Use an additional pa	age if necessary)		

Previous editions are obsolete Page 12 of 19 form **HUD-52580-A** (07/19)

4. Supplemental for Other Rooms	Used for L	iving and Halls For each numbered item, check on	e box only.	
4.1 Room Location  right/left/center: the room is situated to the or center of the unit.  front/rear/center: the room is situated to the or center of the unit.  floor level: the floor level on which located.	he back, front	Room Code  1 = Bedroom or Any Other Room Used for Sleeping (regardless of type of room)		
Item Description No.	Yes, Pass No, Fail	If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval	
4.2 Electricity/Illumination  If Room Code is a 1, are there at least two working outlets or one working outlet and one working, permanently installed light fixture?  If Room Code is not a 1, is there a means of illumination?				
4.3 Electrical Hazards Is the room free from electrical hazards?  4.4 Security Are all windows and doors that are accessible from the outside lockable?				
4.5 Window Condition  If Room Code is a 1, is there at least one window?  And, regardless of Room Code, are all windows free of signs of severe deterioration or missing or broken-out panes?  4.6 Ceiling Condition				
Is the ceiling sound and free from hazardous defects?  4.7 Wall Condition  Are the walls sound and free from hazardous defects?				
4.8 Floor Condition Is the floor sound and free from hazardous defects?				
4.9 Lead-Based Paint Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint? If no, does deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet and/or more than 10% of a component?		Not Applicable		
4.10 Smoke Detectors Is there a working smoke detector on each level? Do the smoke detectors meet the requirements of NFPA 74? In units occupied by the hearing impaired, is there an alarm system connected to the smoke detector?				
Additional Comments: (Give Item Number)(Use a	n additional p	age if necessary)	<u>I</u>	
Comments continued on a separate page Yes	No			

Previous editions are obsolete Page 13 of 19 form **HUD-52580-A** (07/19)

## 5. All Secondary Rooms (Rooms not used for living)

### 5. Secondary Rooms (Rooms not used for living)

If any room in the unit did not meet the requirements for "other room used for living" in Part 4, it is to be considered a "secondary room (not used for living)," Rate all of these rooms together (i.e., a single Part 5 checklist for all secondary rooms in the unit). Inspection is required of the following two items since hazardous defects under these items could jeopardize the rest of the unit,

defects under these items could jeopardize the rest of the unit, even if present in rooms not used for living: 5. 2 S ecurity, 5. 3 Electrical Hazards. Also, be observant of any other potentially hazardous features in these rooms and record under 5.4

#### 5.1 None

If there are no "Secondary Rooms (rooms not used for living)," check "None" and go on to Part 6.

# 5.2 - 5.4 Explanations of these items is the same as those provided for "Living Room"

#### **Additional Note**

In recording "other potentially hazardous features," note (in the space provided) the means of access to the room with the hazard and check the box under ''Inconclusive." Discuss the hazard with the HA inspection supervisor to determine ''Pass'' or ''Fail.'' Include defects like: large holes in floor, walls or ceilings; evidence of structural collapse; windows in condition of severe deterioration; and deteriorated paint surfaces.

#### 6. Building Exterior

#### 6.1 Condition of Foundation

"Unsound or hazardous" means foundations with severe structural defects indicating the potential for structural collapse; or foundations that allow significant entry of ground water (for example, evidenced by flooding of basement).

#### 6.2 Condition of Stairs, Rails, and Porches

"Unsound or hazardous" means: stairs, porches, balconies, or decks with s evere structural defects; broken, rotting, or missing steps; absence of a handrail when there are extended lengths of steps (generally four or more consecutive steps); absence of or insecure railings around a porch or balcony which is approximately 30 inches or more above the ground.

#### 6.3 Condition of Roof and Gutters

"Unsound and hazardous" means: The roof has serious defects such as serious buckling or sagging, i ndicating the pot ential of structural collapse; large holes or other defects that would result in significant a ir or water i nfiltration (in most cases severe exterior defects will be reflected in equally serious surface defects within the unit, e.g., buckling, water damage). The gutters, downspouts and soffits (area under tee eaves) shows serious decay and have allowed the entry of significant air or water into the interior of the structure. Gutters and downspouts are, however, not required to pass. If the roof is not observable and there is no sign of interior water damage, check "Pass."

#### 6.4 Condition of Exterior Surfaces

See definition above for roof, item 6.3.

#### 6.5 Condition of Chimney

The chimney should not be seriously leaning or showing evidence of significant disintegration (i.e., many missing bricks).

#### 6.6 Lead-Based Paint: Exterior Surfaces

Housing Choice Voucher Units If the unit was built January 1, 1978 or after, no child under age six will occupy or currently occupies, is a 0-BR, elderly or handicapped unit with no children under age six on the lease or expected, has been certified lead-based paint free by a certified lead-based paint inspector (no lead-based paint present or no lead -based paint present after removal of lead), check NA and do not inspect painted surfaces. Visual assessment for deteriorated paint applies to all exterior painted surfaces (building components) associated with the assisted unit including windows, window sills, exterior walls, floors, porches, railings, doors, decks, stairs, play areas, garages, fences or other areas if frequented by children under age six.

All deteriorated paint surfaces more than 20 sq. ft. on exterior surfaces must be stabilized (corrected) in accordance with all safe work practice requirements. If the painted surface is less than 20 sq. ft., only stabilization is required. Clearance testing is not required. Stabilization means removal of deteriorated paint, repair of the substrate, and application of a new protective coating or paint. Lead-Based Paint Owner Certification is required following stabilization activities except for *de minimis level* repairs.

#### 6.7 Manufactured Homes: Tie Downs

Manufactured homes must be placed on a site in a stable manner and be free from hazards such as sliding and wind damage. Manufactured ho mes must be securely an chored by a tie down device which distributes and transfers the loads imposed by the unit to appropriate ground anchors so as to resist wind overturning and sliding, unless a variation has been approved by the HUD Field Office.

5. All Secondary Rooms (Rooms not use	ed for living)	For each numbered item, check one box only.		
Item Description No.	Yes, Pass No, Fail Inconclusive	If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval	
5.1 None Go to Part 6				
<b>5.2 Security</b> Are all windows and doors that are accessible from the outside lockable?				
<b>5.3 Electrical Hazards</b> Are all these rooms free from electrical hazards?				
<b>5.4 Other Potentially Hazardous Features</b> Are all of these rooms free of any other potentially hazardous features? For each room with an "other potentially hazardous feature," explain the hazard and the means of control of interior access to the room.				
6.0 Building Exterior				
<b>6.1 Condition of Foundation</b> Is the foundation sound and free from hazards?				
<b>6.2 Condition of Stairs, Rails, and Porches</b> Are all the exterior stairs, rails, and porches sound and free from hazards?				
<b>6.3 Condition of Roof and Gutters</b> Are the roof, gutters, and downspouts sound and free from hazards?				
6.4 Condition of Exterior Surfaces				
Are exterior surfaces sound and free from hazards?  6.5 Condition of Chimney  Is the chimney sound and free from hazards?				
6.6 Lead-Based Paint: Exterior Surfaces Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint? If no, does deteriorated surfaces exceed 20 sq. ft. of total exterior surface area?		Not Applicable		
6.7 Manufactured Homes: Tie Downs If the unit is a manufactured home, is it properly placed and tied down? If not a manufactured home, check "Not Applicable."		Not Applicable		
Additional Comments: (Give Item Number)(Use an additional page if necessary)				
Comments continued on a separate page Yes	No 🗔			

## 7. Heating and Plumbing

#### 7.1 Adequacy of Heating Equipment

"Adequate heat" means that the heating system is capable of delivering enough heat to assure a healthy environment in the unit (appropriate to the climate). The HA is responsible for defining what constitutes a healthy living environment in the area of the country in which it operates. Local codes (city or state codes) should be instructive in arriving at a reasonable local definition. For example, for heat adequacy, local codes often require that the unit's heating facility be capable of maintaining a given temperature level during a designated time period. Portable electric room heaters or kitchen stoves or ranges with a built-in heat unit are not acceptable as a primary source of heat for units located in areas where c limate conditions require regular heating.

"Directly or indirectly to all rooms used for living" means:

"Directly" means that each room used for living has a heat source (e.g., working radiator; working hot air register; baseboard heat)

"indirectly" means that, if there is no heat source present in the room, heat can enter the room easily from a heated adjacent room (e.g a dining room may not have a radiator, but would receive heat from the heated living room through a large open archway).

If the heating system in the unit works, but there is some question whether a room w ithout a heat source w ould receive adequate indirect heat, check "Inconclusive" and verify adequacy from tenant or owner (e.g., unheated bedroom at the end of a long hallway).

How to determine the capability of the heating system: If the unit is occupied, usually the quickest way to determine the capability of the heating system over time is to question the tenant. If the unit is not oc cupied, or the tenant has not lived in the unit during the months when heat would be needed, check "Inclusive." It will be necessary to question the owner on this point after the inspection has been completed and, if possible, to question other tenants (if it is a multi-unit structure) about the adequacy of he at provided. Under some circumstances, the ade quacy of he at can be determined by a simple comparison of the size of the heating system to the area to be heated. For example, a small permanently installed space heater in a living room is probably i nadequate for heating anything larger than a relatively small apartment.

#### 7.2 Safety of Heating Equipment

Examples of "unvented fuel burning space heaters" are: portable kerosene units; unvented open flame portable units.

"Other unsafe conditions" include: breakage or damage to heating system such that there is a potential for fire or other threats to safety; improper connection of flues allowing ex haust gases to enter the living area; improper installation of equipment (e.g., proximity of fuel tank to heat source, absence of safety devices); indications of improper use of equipment (e.g., evidence of heavy build-up of soot, creosote, or other substance in the chimney); disintegrating equipment; combustible materials near heat source or flue. See Inspection Manual for a more detailed discussion of the inspection of safety aspects of the heating systems.

If you are unable to gain access to the primary heating system in the unit check ''Inconclusive." Contact the owner or manager for verification of safety of the system. If the system has passed a recent local inspection, check ''Pass." This apppies especially to units in which heat is provided by a large scale, complex central heating system that serves multiple u nits (e.g., a boiler in the basement of a large apartment building). In most cases, a large scale he ating system for a multi-unit building will be subject to periodic safety inspections by a local public agency. Check with the owner or manager to determine the date and outcome of the last such inspection, or look for an inspection certificate posted on the heating system.

#### 7.3 Ventilation and Adequacy of Cooling

If the tenant is present and has occupied the unit during the summer months, inquire about the adequacy of air flow. If the tenant is not present or has not occupied the unit during the summer months, test a sample of windows to see that they open (see Inspection Manual for instruction).

"Working cooling equipment" includes: central (fan) ventilation system; evaporative cooling system; room or central air conditioning.

Check "Inconclusive" if there are no operable windows and it is impossible, or inappropriate, to test whether a cooling system works. Check with other tenants in the building (in a multi-unit structure) and with the owner or manager for verification of the adequacy of ventilation and cooling.

#### 7.4 Water Heater

"Location presents hazard" means that the gas or oil water heater is located in living areas or closets where safety hazards may exist (e.g., water heater located in very cluttered closet with cloth and paper items stacked against it). Gas water heaters in bedrooms or other living areas must have safety dividers or shields.

Water heaters must have a temperature- pressure relief valve and discharge line (directed toward the floor or outside of the living area) as a safeguard against build up of steam if the water heater malfunctions. If not, they are not properly equipped and shall fail.

To pas s, ga s or oil fired w ater heaters must be vented i nto a properly installed chimney or f lue leading outside. E lectric w ater heaters do not require venting.

If it is impossible to view the water heater, check "Inconclusive." Obtain verification of safety of system from owner or manager.

Check "Pass" if the water he ater has passed a local inspection. This applies primarily to hot water that is supplied by a large scale complex water heating system that serves multiple units (e.g., water heating system in large apartment building). Check in the same manner described for heating system safety, item 7.2, above.

#### 7.5 Water Supply

If the structure is connected to a city or town water system, check "Pass." If the structure has a private water supply (usually in rural areas) inquire into the nature of the supply (probably from the owner) and whether it is approvable by an appropriate public agency.

**General note:** If items 7.5, 7.6, or 7,7 are checked "Inconclusive," check with owner or manager for verification of adequacy.

#### 7.6 Plumbing

"Major I eaks" means that main water drain and feed pipes (often located in the basement) are seriously I eaking. (Leaks present at specific facilities have already been evaluated under the checklist items for "Bathroom" and "Kitchen.")

"Corrosion" (causing serious and persistent levels of rust or contamination in the drinking water) can be determined by observing the color of the drinking water at ssveral taps. B adly corroded pipes will produce noticeably brownish water. If the tenant is currently occupying the unit, he or she should be able to provide information about the persistence of this condition. (Make sure that the "rusty water" is not a temporary condition caused by city or town maintenance of main water lines.) See general note under 7.5.

#### 7.7 Sewer Connection

If the structure is connected to the city or town sewer system, check "Pass." If the structure has its own private disposal system (e.g., septic field), inquire into the nature of the system and determine whether this type of system can meet appropriate health and safety regulations.

The following conditions constitute "evidence of sewer back up": strong sewer gas smell in the basement or outside of unit; numerous clogged or very slow drains; marshy areas outside of unit above septic field. See general note under 7.5.

7. Heating and Plumbing	For each		pered item, check one box only.	
Item Description No.	Yes, Pass	nclusive	If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval
7.1 Adequacy of Heating Equipment Is the heating equipment capable of providing adequate heat (either directly or indirectly) to all rooms used for living?				
<b>7.2 Safety of Heating Equipment</b> Is the unit free from unvented fuel burning space heaters or any other types of unsafe heating conditions?				
7.3 Ventilation and Adequacy of Cooling  Does the unit have adequate ventilation and cooling by  means of openable windows or a working cooling system?				
7.4 Water Heater Is the water heater located, equipped, and installed in a safe manner?				
<b>7.5 Water Supply</b> Is the unit served by an approvable public or private sanitary water supply?				
<b>7.6 Plumbing</b> Is plumbing free from major leaks or corrosion that causes serious and persistent levels of rust or contamination of the drinking water?				
7.7 Sewer Connection Is plumbing connected to an approvable public or private disposal system, and is it free from sewer back-up?  Additional Comments: (Give Item Number)				

Previous editions are obsolete Page 17 of 19 form **HUD-52580-A** (07/19)

No

Yes

Comments continued on a separate page

## 8. General Health and Safety

#### 8.1 Access to Unit

"Through another unit" means that access to the unit Is only possible by means of passage through another dwelling unit.

#### 8.2 Fxits

"Acceptable fire exit" means that the building must have an alternative means of exit that meets local or State regulations in case of fire; this could include:

An openable window if the unit is on the first floor or second floor or easily accessible to the ground.

A back door opening on to a porch with a stairway leading to the ground.

Fire escape, fire ladder, or fire stairs.

"Blocked" means that the exit is not useable due to conditions such as debris, storage, door or window nailed shut, broken lock. Important note: The HA has the final responsibility for deciding whether the type of e mergency exit is acceptable, although the tenant should assist in making the decision.

#### 8.3 Evidence of Infestation

"Presence of rats, or severe infestation by mice or vermin" (such as roaches) is evidenced by: rat holes; droppings; rat runs; numerous settings of rat poison. If the unit is occupied, ask the tenant,

#### 8.4 Garbage and Debris

"Heavy ac cumulation" means large piles of trash and ga rbage, discarded furniture, and other debr is (not temporarily stored awaiting removal) that might harbor rodents, This may occur inside the unit, in common areas, or outside. It usually means a level of accumulation beyond the capacity of an individual to pick up within an hour or two.

#### 8.5 Refuse Disposal

"Adequate covered facilities" includes: trash cans with covers, garbage chutes, "dumpsters" (i.e., large scale refuse boxes with lids); trash bags (if approvable by local public agency). "Approvable by local public agency" means that the local Health and S anitation Department (city, town or county) approves the type of facility in use. Note: During the period when the HA is setting up its inspection program, it will check with the local health and sanitation department to determine which types of facilities are acceptable and include this in the inspection requirements.

If the unit is vacant and there are no adequate covered facilities present, check "Inconclusive." Contact the owner or manager for verification of facilities provided when the unit is occupied.

#### 8.6 Interior Stairs and Common Halls

"Loose, broken, or missing steps" should fail if they present a serious risk of tripping or falling.

A handrail is required on extended sections of stairs (generally four or more consecutive steps). A railing is required on unprotected heights such as around stairwells.

"Other hazards" would be conditions such as bare electrical wires and tripping hazards.

Housing Choice Voucher Units If the unit was built January 1,\_ 1978, or after, no child under six will occupy or currently occupies it, is a 0-BR, elderly or handicapped unit with no children under six on the lease or expected, has been certified lead-based paint free by a certified lead-based paint inspector (no lead-based paint present or no lead-based paint present after removal of lead-based paint.), check NA and do not inspect painted surfaces.

This requirement applies to all painted surfaces (building components) within the unit. (Do not include tenant belongings). Surfaces to receive a visual assessment for deteriorated paint include walls, floors, ceilings, built in cabinets (sink bases), baseboards, doors, door frames, windows systems including

mullions, sills, or frames and any other painted building component within the unit. Deteriorated paint includes any painted surface that is peeling, chipping, chalking, cracking, damaged or otherwise separated from the substrate.

All deteriorated paint surfaces more than 2 sq. ft. in any one interior room or space, or more than 10% of the total surface area of an interior type of component with a small surface area (i.e., window sills, baseboards, and trim) must be stabilized (corrected) in accordance with all safe work practice requirements and clearance is required. If the deteriorated painted surface is less than 2 sq. ft. or less than 10% of the component, only stabilization is required. Clearance testing is not required. Stabilization means removal of deteriorated paint, repair of the substrate, and application of a new protective coating or paint. Lead-Based Paint Owner Certification is required following stabilization activities, except for *de minimis level* repairs.

#### 8.7 Other Interior Hazards

Examples of other hazards might be: a broken bathroom fixture with a sharp edge in a location where it represents a hazard; a protruding nail in a doorway.

#### 8.8 Elevators

Note: At the time the HA is setting up its inspection program, it will determine local licensing practices for elevators. Inspectors should then be aware of these practices in evaluating this item (e.g., check inspection date). If no elevator check "Not Applicable."

#### 8.9 Interior Air Quality

If the inspector has any questions about whether an existing poor air quality condition should be considered dangerous, he or she should check with the local Health and Safety Department (city, town or county).

#### 8.10 Site and Neighborhood Conditions

Examples of conditions that would "seriously and continuously endanger the health or safety of the residents" are:

- other buildings on, or near the property, that pose serious hazards (e.g., dilapidated shed or garage with potential for structural collapse),
- evidence of flooding or major drainage problems,
- evidence of mud slides or large land settlement or collapse, proximity to open sewage,
- unprotected heights (cliffs, quarries, mines, sandpits), fire hazards.
- abnormal air pollution or smoke which continues throughout the year and is determined to seriously endanger health, and continuous or excessive vibration of vehicular traffic (if the unit is occupied, ask the tenant).

#### 8.11 Lead-Based Paint: Owner Certification

If the owner is required to correct any lead- based paint hazards at the property including deteriorated paint or other hazards identi-fied by a visual assessor, a certified lead-based paint risk asses-sor, or certified lead -based paint inspector, the PHA must obtain certification that the work has been done in accordance with all applicable requirements of 24 CFR Part 35. The Lead -Based Paint Owner Certification must be received by the PHA before the execution of the HAP contract or within the time period stated by the PHA in the owner HQS violation notice. Receipt of the completed and signed Lead-Based Paint Owner Certification signifies that all HQS lead-based paint requirements have been met and no re-inspection by the HQS inspector is required.

8. General Health and Safety	For each numb	ered item, check one box only.	
Item Description No.	Yes, Pass No, Fail	If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval
<b>8.1 Access to Unit</b> Can the unit be entered without having to go through another unit?			
<b>8.2 Exits</b> Is there an acceptable fire exit from this building that is not blocked?			
<b>8.3 Evidence of Infestation</b> Is the unit free from rats or severe infestation by mice or vermin?			
<b>8.4 Garbage and Debris</b> Is the unit free from heavy accumulation of garbage or debris inside and outside?			
8.5 Refuse Disposal  Are there adequate covered facilities for temporary storage and disposal of food wastes, and are they approvable by a local agency?			
8.6 Interior Stairs and Common Halls Are interior stairs and common halls free from hazards to the occupant because of loose, broken, or missing steps on stairways; absent or insecure railings; inadequate lighting; or other hazards?			
8.7 Other Interior Hazards Is the interior of the unit free from any other hazard not specifically identified previously?			
8.8 Elevators Where local practice requires, do all elevators have a current inspection certificate? If local practice does not require this, are they working and safe?		Not Applicable	
8.9 Interior Air Quality Is the unit free from abnormally high levels of air pollution from vehicular exhaust, sewer gas, fuel gas, dust, or other pollutants?			
8.10 Site and Neighborhood Conditions Are the site and immediate neighborhood free from conditions which would seriously and continuously endanger the health or safety of the residents?			
8.11 Lead-Based Paint: Owner Certification If the owner of the unit is required to correct any deteriorated paint or lead-based paint hazards at the property, has the Lead-Based Paint Owner's Certification been completed, and received by the PHA? If the owner was not required to correct any deteriorated paint or lead-based paint haz- ards, check NA.		☐ Not Applicable	
Additional Comments: (Give Item Number)	1		
Comments continued on a separate page Yes	No 🗌		

#### **Linkages Tenant Responsibility Agreement**

Participant Name:
Housing Administrator:
<b>Rent payments</b> : I will pay the landlord/property manager of my housing unit the amount of rent based upon income certification determined by (Housing Administrator) no more than 30 percent of my adjusted income.
The (Housing Administrator) will pay the remainder of the rent on the unit to the landlord. I will pay my rent in the form of a check or money order by the date determined on my rental agreement/lease with my landlord. I understand that if my income or household composition circumstances change in a way that would reduce or increase my monthly rent payment, I shall notify the (Housing Administrator) to recalculate my rent payment.
The tenant's rent is paid to the landlord or property manager for the property. If the tenant does not pay their portion of the rent the landlord/property manager will have the right to begin eviction by giving the tenant notice as outlined in New Mexico Owner-Resident Law. The Linkages program will not pay the tenant's portion of the rent.
<b>Disturbing the peace</b> : The tenant agrees not to cause or allow, on the premises, any excessive nuisance, noise or other activity that disturbs the peace and quiet enjoyment of neighbors or other tenants in the building or violates any state law or local ordinance.
<b>Fraud:</b> The tenant agrees to NOT commit fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection to the program.
Certification: Tenant will report all current income for every member of the household, provide verification of all income, report the names of all individuals living in the unit and notify (Housing Administrator) of changes in household income and/or household composition during initial certification and subsequent recertification. Tenant will comply with annual and/or interim recertification procedures including, but not limited to, verification of household composition and income, and completing releases of information. If the tenant submits false information on any application, certification or recertification and/or does not report changes in household income or size, the tenant may be subject to legal action, collection activity, and/or immediate termination from the Linkages program. Intentionally submitting false or incomplete information may be punishable by up to 10 year imprisonment.
Visitor/household member: Linkages considers any individual(s) who stay in the unit for 14 days or more per month to be member of the household. Any failure to report such individual(s) to (Housing Administrator) may result in legal action, collection activity, and/or immediate termination from the Linkages program.

Last Updated: June 2022 HA Form

#### **Linkages Tenant Responsibility Agreement**

**Security deposit**: Linkages may pay the full security deposit on a unit on a funds available basis. The tenant will be responsible to pay for any damages that occur during their tenancy. If the landlord does not return the security deposit paid by Linkages after tenant moves out, due to some fault of the tenant (i.e., damages, breaking the lease, unpaid rent), then Linkages will not pay another security deposit for the tenant for another unit unless repayment is made on the initial security deposit. Transfers to another Housing Administrator sponsored subsidy source and/or Section 8 requires repayment of the security deposit and/or other charges including, but not limited to, past due rent and damages.

**Unit concerns**: If there is a problem or concern after the tenant has moved into the unit, it is the tenant's responsibility to contact the landlord. If the tenant is not successful in having the matter resolved to their satisfaction, then the tenant should contact their Housing Administrator representative for assistance.

Moving: In accordance with the lease or rental agreement, a tenant may move from the current unit to another unit only if a 30-day written notice has been submitted by the first day of the month previous to the move, to both the landlord and Housing Administrator.

**Continuing assistance**: If tenant leaves a unit and wants to continue to receive assistance from the Linkages program, the tenant must keep the Housing Administrator representative informed of such plans. If the tenant leaves a unit and does not move into another unit with Linkages assistance within 30 days, and does not maintain contact with their support services representative, the tenant will be terminated from Linkages program.

**Eviction**: If a tenant is evicted from a Linkages subsidized unit, the tenant may be terminated from the Linkages program.

**Building rules**: Tenant agrees to follow the terms and conditions of the lease or rental agreement between the landlord and tenant. Tenant also agrees to abide by all building rules and guidelines set by manager/owner of the building.

Debt Repayment: Tenants who owe any Housing Administrator administered housing subsidy for back rent, damages, security, etc. may be considered for admission to any Housing Administrator administered housing subsidy program providing that one of the following minimum criterion has been met:

- ◆ Fifty percent of account balance must be paid before move in and/or unit transfer. The remaining balance must be paid over a term not to exceed 12 months with a documented payment plan; or
- Establishment of a Representative Payee and a documented payment plan not to exceed 12 months; or
- ♦ Charges have been adjudicated through the Linkages Appeals or Grievance Process.

Failure to meet at least one of the above criterions will result in program ineligibility and termination of rental assistance.

#### **Linkages Tenant Responsibility Agreement**

**Problem solving options**: If a problem related to your Linkages subsidy exists you can seek to solve it in several different ways. You have the right to use the formal Linkages Appeals and Grievance Process if

Date	 Date
Program Participant Signature	Housing Administrator Signature
	have read or have had the above greement. I understand that any violation of this ection activity, and/or eviction, and/or immediate
with a representative of the Support Services Ag	schedule and permit one in-home monthly site visit ency. During this site visit the tenant will allow the monthly checklist. Failure to allow a monthly site visit
you are dissatisfied.	·

**3** | Page

Last Updated: June 2022

HA Form

#### **RENTAL ASSISTANCE AGREEMENT**

#### **Linkages Program**

Between Agency and Owner/Landlord for and Housing Administrator

**Owner/Landlord Information** 

Name of Payee				
Address				
City, State, Zip				
Phone number				
Contact person/#				
		Tenant Informat	ion	
Name of Tenant(s)				
Address				
City, State, Zip				
Phone number				
		Housing Administrator	/Agency	
Name of Agency				
Address				
City, State, Zip				
Phone number				
Contact Person/#				
1. This Agreement beg	gins (mm/dd/yy)	ance Agreement (Agree	_ and ends (mm/dd/yy)	 Owner) of its discontinuance of
TOTAL OWED 1st Paym	ent - Arrears \$		List month(s	)
TOTAL OWED 1st Paym Rent owed (this month			List month(s	)
Rent owed (this month Rent owed (past month	ns)		List month(s	)
Rent owed (this month	ns)		List month(s	
Rent owed (this month Rent owed (past month Late Utilities (as stated	in lease)		List month(s	
Rent owed (this month Rent owed (past month	in lease)	\$	List month(s	
Rent owed (this month Rent owed (past month Late Utilities (as stated	in lease)	\$ \$	List month(s	
Rent owed (this month Rent owed (past month Late Utilities (as stated  Amount of Month	in lease)  y Payment/ Total		List month(s	
Rent owed (this month Rent owed (past month Late Utilities (as stated  Amount of Month Tenant Portion	in lease)  ly Payment/ Total  Portion	\$	List month(s	
Rent owed (this month Rent owed (past month Late Utilities (as stated  Amount of Month Tenant Portion Housing Administrator	in lease)  ly Payment/ Total  Portion  ase)	\$	List month(s	

4. During the term of the agreement, the owner must give the recipient or subrecipient a copy of any notice to the program participant to vacate the housing unit, or any complaint used under state or local law to commence an eviction action against the program participant.

#### **RENTAL ASSISTANCE AGREEMENT**

#### **Linkages Program**

Between Agency and Owner/Landlord for and Housing Administrator

- 5. The rental assistance agreement with the owner will terminate and no further rental assistance payments under that agreement may be made if:
  - (i) The program participant moves out of the housing unit for which the program participant has a lease;
  - (ii) The lease terminates and is not renewed; or
  - (iii) The program participant becomes ineligible to receive Linkages rental assistance.

#### Signatures:

Owner/Landlord's Representative	Housing Administrator/Agency Representativ	
Print Name	Print Name	
Signature	Signature	
Print Title of Signatory	Print Title of Signatory	
Date	Date	

#### Disclosure of Information on Lead-Based Paint and/or Lead-Based Paint Hazards

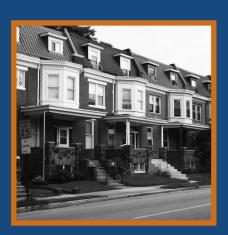
#### **Lead Warning Statement**

Housing built before 1978 may contain lead-based paint. Lead from paint, paint chips, and dust can pose health hazards if not managed properly. Lead exposure is especially harmful to young children and pregnant women. Before renting pre-1978 housing, lessors must disclose the presence of known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the dwelling. Lessees must also receive a federally approved pamphlet on lead poisoning prevention.

Les	ssor's Dis	sclosure						
(a)	Presenc	Presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards (check (i) or (ii) below):						
	(i) Known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards are present in the housing (explain).							
	(ii)	Lessor has no knowledge	e of lead-ba	sed paint and/or lead-based pai	nt hazards in the			
	( )	housing.						
(b)	Records	Records and reports available to the lessor (check (i) or (ii) below):						
	(i)			all available records and reports paint hazards in the housing (lis				
	(ii) Lessor has no reports or records pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.							
Les	see's Ac	knowledgment (initial)						
(c)	Lessee has received copies of all information listed above.							
(d)		_ Lessee has received the p	pamphlet <i>Pr</i>	otect Your Family from Lead in You	r Home.			
Age	ent's Ack	knowledgment (initial)						
(e)		_ Agent has informed the I is aware of his/her respon		lessor's obligations under 42 Uensure compliance.	.S.C. 4852(d) and			
Cei	rtificatio	n of Accuracy						
		g parties have reviewed the ir ion they have provided is true		bove and certify, to the best of the e.	r knowledge, that			
Les	sor	Da	ite	Lessor	Date			
Les	see	Da	ite	Lessee	Date			
Age	ent	Da	nte	Agent	Date			







# Protect Your Family From Lead in Your Home



United States Environmental Protection Agency



United States Consumer Product Safety Commission



United States Department of Housing and Urban Development

# Are You Planning to Buy or Rent a Home Built Before 1978?

Did you know that many homes built before 1978 have **lead-based paint**? Lead from paint, chips, and dust can pose serious health hazards.

#### Read this entire brochure to learn:

- How lead gets into the body
- How lead affects health
- What you can do to protect your family
- Where to go for more information

# Before renting or buying a pre-1978 home or apartment, federal law requires:

- Sellers must disclose known information on lead-based paint or leadbased paint hazards before selling a house.
- Real estate sales contracts must include a specific warning statement about lead-based paint. Buyers have up to 10 days to check for lead.
- Landlords must disclose known information on lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards before leases take effect. Leases must include a specific warning statement about lead-based paint.

# If undertaking renovations, repairs, or painting (RRP) projects in your pre-1978 home or apartment:

 Read EPA's pamphlet, The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right, to learn about the lead-safe work practices that contractors are required to follow when working in your home (see page 12).



# Simple Steps to Protect Your Family from Lead Hazards

#### If you think your home has lead-based paint:

- Don't try to remove lead-based paint yourself.
- Always keep painted surfaces in good condition to minimize deterioration.
- Get your home checked for lead hazards. Find a certified inspector or risk assessor at epa.gov/lead.
- Talk to your landlord about fixing surfaces with peeling or chipping paint.
- Regularly clean floors, window sills, and other surfaces.
- Take precautions to avoid exposure to lead dust when remodeling.
- When renovating, repairing, or painting, hire only EPA- or stateapproved Lead-Safe certified renovation firms.
- Before buying, renting, or renovating your home, have it checked for lead-based paint.
- Consult your health care provider about testing your children for lead. Your pediatrician can check for lead with a simple blood test.
- Wash children's hands, bottles, pacifiers, and toys often.
- Make sure children eat healthy, low-fat foods high in iron, calcium, and vitamin C.
- Remove shoes or wipe soil off shoes before entering your house.

#### **Lead Gets into the Body in Many Ways**

#### Adults and children can get lead into their bodies if they:

- Breathe in lead dust (especially during activities such as renovations, repairs, or painting that disturb painted surfaces).
- Swallow lead dust that has settled on food, food preparation surfaces, and other places.
- Eat paint chips or soil that contains lead.

#### Lead is especially dangerous to children under the age of 6.

- At this age, children's brains and nervous systems are more sensitive to the damaging effects of lead.
- Children's growing bodies absorb more lead.
- Babies and young children often put their hands and other objects in their mouths. These objects can have lead dust on them.



# Women of childbearing age should know that lead is dangerous to a developing fetus.

 Women with a high lead level in their system before or during pregnancy risk exposing the fetus to lead through the placenta during fetal development.

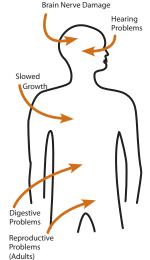
#### **Health Effects of Lead**

**Lead affects the body in many ways.** It is important to know that even exposure to low levels of lead can severely harm children.

#### In children, exposure to lead can cause:

- Nervous system and kidney damage
- Learning disabilities, attention-deficit disorder, and decreased intelligence
- Speech, language, and behavior problems
- Poor muscle coordination
- Decreased muscle and bone growth
- Hearing damage

While low-lead exposure is most common, exposure to high amounts of lead can have devastating effects on children, including seizures, unconsciousness, and in some cases, death.



Although children are especially susceptible to lead exposure, lead can be dangerous for adults, too.

#### In adults, exposure to lead can cause:

- Harm to a developing fetus
- Increased chance of high blood pressure during pregnancy
- Fertility problems (in men and women)
- High blood pressure
- · Digestive problems
- Nerve disorders
- Memory and concentration problems
- Muscle and joint pain

#### **Check Your Family for Lead**

### Get your children and home tested if you think your home has lead.

Children's blood lead levels tend to increase rapidly from 6 to 12 months of age, and tend to peak at 18 to 24 months of age.

Consult your doctor for advice on testing your children. A simple blood test can detect lead. Blood lead tests are usually recommended for:

- Children at ages 1 and 2
- Children or other family members who have been exposed to high levels of lead
- Children who should be tested under your state or local health screening plan

Your doctor can explain what the test results mean and if more testing will be needed.

#### Where Lead-Based Paint Is Found

In general, the older your home or childcare facility, the more likely it has lead-based paint.<sup>1</sup>

Many homes, including private, federally-assisted, federally-owned housing, and childcare facilities built before 1978 have lead-based paint. In 1978, the federal government banned consumer uses of lead-containing paint.<sup>2</sup>

Learn how to determine if paint is lead-based paint on page 7.

#### Lead can be found:

- In homes and childcare facilities in the city, country, or suburbs,
- In private and public single-family homes and apartments,
- On surfaces inside and outside of the house, and
- In soil around a home. (Soil can pick up lead from exterior paint or other sources, such as past use of leaded gas in cars.)

Learn more about where lead is found at epa.gov/lead.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Lead-based paint" is currently defined by the federal government as paint with lead levels greater than or equal to 1.0 milligram per square centimeter (mg/cm), or more than 0.5% by weight.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Lead-containing paint" is currently defined by the federal government as lead in new dried paint in excess of 90 parts per million (ppm) by weight.

# **Identifying Lead-Based Paint and Lead-Based Paint Hazards**

**Deteriorating lead-based paint (peeling, chipping, chalking, cracking, or damaged paint)** is a hazard and needs immediate attention. **Lead-based paint** may also be a hazard when found on surfaces that children can chew or that get a lot of wear and tear, such as:

- On windows and window sills
- Doors and door frames
- Stairs, railings, banisters, and porches

**Lead-based paint is usually not a hazard if it is in good condition** and if it is not on an impact or friction surface like a window.

**Lead dust** can form when lead-based paint is scraped, sanded, or heated. Lead dust also forms when painted surfaces containing lead bump or rub together. Lead paint chips and dust can get on surfaces and objects that people touch. Settled lead dust can reenter the air when the home is vacuumed or swept, or when people walk through it. EPA currently defines the following levels of lead in dust as hazardous:

- 40 micrograms per square foot (µg/ft²) and higher for floors, including carpeted floors
- 250 µg/ft² and higher for interior window sills

**Lead in soil** can be a hazard when children play in bare soil or when people bring soil into the house on their shoes. EPA currently defines the following levels of lead in soil as hazardous:

- 400 parts per million (ppm) and higher in play areas of bare soil
- 1,200 ppm (average) and higher in bare soil in the remainder of the yard

Remember, lead from paint chips—which you can see—and lead dust—which you may not be able to see—both can be hazards.

The only way to find out if paint, dust, or soil lead hazards exist is to test for them. The next page describes how to do this.

#### **Checking Your Home for Lead**

You can get your home tested for lead in several different ways:

- A lead-based paint inspection tells you if your home has lead-based paint and where it is located. It won't tell you whether your home currently has lead hazards. A trained and certified testing professional, called a lead-based paint inspector, will conduct a paint inspection using methods, such as:
  - Portable x-ray fluorescence (XRF) machine
  - · Lab tests of paint samples
- A risk assessment tells you if your home currently has any lead hazards from lead in paint, dust, or soil. It also tells you what actions to take to address any hazards. A trained and certified testing professional, called a risk assessor, will:
  - Sample paint that is deteriorated on doors, windows, floors, stairs, and walls
  - Sample dust near painted surfaces and sample bare soil in the yard
  - · Get lab tests of paint, dust, and soil samples
- A combination inspection and risk assessment tells you if your home has any lead-based paint and if your home has any lead hazards, and where both are located.

Be sure to read the report provided to you after your inspection or risk assessment is completed, and ask questions about anything you do not understand.

#### **Checking Your Home for Lead, continued**

In preparing for renovation, repair, or painting work in a pre-1978 home, Lead-Safe Certified renovators (see page 12) may:

- Take paint chip samples to determine if lead-based paint is
  present in the area planned for renovation and send them to an
  EPA-recognized lead lab for analysis. In housing receiving federal
  assistance, the person collecting these samples must be a certified
  lead-based paint inspector or risk assessor
- Use EPA-recognized tests kits to determine if lead-based paint is absent (but not in housing receiving federal assistance)
- Presume that lead-based paint is present and use lead-safe work practices

There are state and federal programs in place to ensure that testing is done safely, reliably, and effectively. Contact your state or local agency for more information, visit epa.gov/lead, or call **1-800-424-LEAD** (5323) for a list of contacts in your area.<sup>3</sup>

8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access this number through TTY by calling the Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339.

#### **What You Can Do Now to Protect Your Family**

# If you suspect that your house has lead-based paint hazards, you can take some immediate steps to reduce your family's risk:

- If you rent, notify your landlord of peeling or chipping paint.
- Keep painted surfaces clean and free of dust. Clean floors, window frames, window sills, and other surfaces weekly. Use a mop or sponge with warm water and a general all-purpose cleaner. (Remember: never mix ammonia and bleach products together because they can form a dangerous gas.)
- Carefully clean up paint chips immediately without creating dust.
- Thoroughly rinse sponges and mop heads often during cleaning of dirty or dusty areas, and again afterward.
- Wash your hands and your children's hands often, especially before they eat and before nap time and bed time.
- Keep play areas clean. Wash bottles, pacifiers, toys, and stuffed animals regularly.
- Keep children from chewing window sills or other painted surfaces, or eating soil.
- When renovating, repairing, or painting, hire only EPA- or state-approved Lead-Safe Certified renovation firms (see page 12).
- Clean or remove shoes before entering your home to avoid tracking in lead from soil.
- Make sure children eat nutritious, low-fat meals high in iron, and calcium, such as spinach and dairy products. Children with good diets absorb less lead.

#### **Reducing Lead Hazards**

# Disturbing lead-based paint or removing lead improperly can increase the hazard to your family by spreading even more lead dust around the house.

 In addition to day-to-day cleaning and good nutrition, you can temporarily reduce lead-based paint hazards by taking actions, such as repairing damaged painted surfaces and planting grass to cover leadcontaminated soil. These actions are not permanent solutions and will need ongoing attention.



- You can minimize exposure to lead when renovating, repairing, or painting by hiring an EPA- or statecertified renovator who is trained in the use of lead-safe work practices. If you are a do-it-yourselfer, learn how to use lead-safe work practices in your home.
- To remove lead hazards permanently, you should hire a certified lead abatement contractor. Abatement (or permanent hazard elimination) methods include removing, sealing, or enclosing lead-based paint with special materials. Just painting over the hazard with regular paint is not permanent control.

# Always use a certified contractor who is trained to address lead hazards safely.

- Hire a Lead-Safe Certified firm (see page 12) to perform renovation, repair, or painting (RRP) projects that disturb painted surfaces.
- To correct lead hazards permanently, hire a certified lead abatement professional. This will ensure your contractor knows how to work safely and has the proper equipment to clean up thoroughly.

Certified contractors will employ qualified workers and follow strict safety rules as set by their state or by the federal government.

#### Reducing Lead Hazards, continued

**If your home has had lead abatement work done** or if the housing is receiving federal assistance, once the work is completed, dust cleanup activities must be conducted until clearance testing indicates that lead dust levels are below the following levels:

- 40 micrograms per square foot (µg/ft²) for floors, including carpeted floors
- 250 μg/ft<sup>2</sup> for interior windows sills
- 400 μg/ft² for window troughs

For help in locating certified lead abatement professionals in your area, call your state or local agency (see pages 14 and 15), or visit epa.gov/lead, or call 1-800-424-LEAD.

#### Renovating, Repairing or Painting a Home with Lead-Based Paint

If you hire a contractor to conduct renovation, repair, or painting (RRP) projects in your pre-1978 home or childcare facility (such as pre-school and kindergarten), your contractor must:

- Be a Lead-Safe Certified firm approved by EPA or an EPA-authorized state program
- Use qualified trained individuals (Lead-Safe Certified renovators) who follow specific lead-safe work practices to prevent lead contamination
- Provide a copy of EPA's lead hazard information document, The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right



# RRP contractors working in pre-1978 homes and childcare facilities must follow lead-safe work practices that:

- **Contain the work area.** The area must be contained so that dust and debris do not escape from the work area. Warning signs must be put up, and plastic or other impermeable material and tape must be used.
- Avoid renovation methods that generate large amounts of lead-contaminated dust. Some methods generate so much leadcontaminated dust that their use is prohibited. They are:
  - Open-flame burning or torching
  - Sanding, grinding, planing, needle gunning, or blasting with power tools and equipment not equipped with a shroud and HEPA vacuum attachment
  - Using a heat gun at temperatures greater than 1100°F
- Clean up thoroughly. The work area should be cleaned up daily. When all the work is done, the area must be cleaned up using special cleaning methods.
- **Dispose of waste properly.** Collect and seal waste in a heavy duty bag or sheeting. When transported, ensure that waste is contained to prevent release of dust and debris.

To learn more about EPA's requirements for RRP projects, visit epa.gov/getleadsafe, or read *The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right*.

#### **Other Sources of Lead**

#### **Lead in Drinking Water**

The most common sources of lead in drinking water are lead pipes, faucets, and fixtures.

Lead pipes are more likely to be found in older cities and homes built before 1986.

You can't smell or taste lead in drinking water.

To find out for certain if you have lead in drinking water, have your water tested.

Remember older homes with a private well can also have plumbing materials that contain lead.

#### Important Steps You Can Take to Reduce Lead in Drinking Water

- Use only cold water for drinking, cooking and making baby formula. Remember, boiling water does not remove lead from water.
- Before drinking, flush your home's pipes by running the tap, taking a shower, doing laundry, or doing a load of dishes.
- Regularly clean your faucet's screen (also known as an aerator).
- If you use a filter certified to remove lead, don't forget to read the
  directions to learn when to change the cartridge. Using a filter after it
  has expired can make it less effective at removing lead.

Contact your water company to determine if the pipe that connects your home to the water main (called a service line) is made from lead. Your area's water company can also provide information about the lead levels in your system's drinking water.

For more information about lead in drinking water, please contact EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791. If you have other questions about lead poisoning prevention, call 1-800 424-LEAD.\*

Call your local health department or water company to find out about testing your water, or visit epa.gov/safewater for EPA's lead in drinking water information. Some states or utilities offer programs to pay for water testing for residents. Contact your state or local water company to learn more.

<sup>\*</sup> Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access this number through TTY by calling the Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339.

#### Other Sources of Lead, continued

- Lead smelters or other industries that release lead into the air.
- Your job. If you work with lead, you could bring it home on your body or clothes. Shower and change clothes before coming home. Launder your work clothes separately from the rest of your family's clothes.
- Hobbies that use lead, such as making pottery or stained glass, or refinishing furniture. Call your local health department for information about hobbies that may use lead.
- Old toys and furniture may have been painted with lead-containing paint. Older toys and other children's products may have parts that contain lead.<sup>4</sup>
- Food and liquids cooked or stored in **lead crystal** or **lead-glazed pottery or porcelain** may contain lead.
- Folk remedies, such as "greta" and "azarcon," used to treat an upset stomach.

14

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> In 1978, the federal government banned toys, other children's products, and furniture with lead-containing paint. In 2008, the federal government banned lead in most children's products. The federal government currently bans lead in excess of 100 ppm by weight in most children's products.

#### For More Information

#### The National Lead Information Center

Learn how to protect children from lead poisoning and get other information about lead hazards on the Web at epa.gov/lead and hud.gov/lead, or call **1-800-424-LEAD** (5323).

#### **EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline**

For information about lead in drinking water, call **1-800-426-4791**, or visit epa.gov/safewater for information about lead in drinking water.

#### **Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) Hotline**

For information on lead in toys and other consumer products, or to report an unsafe consumer product or a product-related injury, call **1-800-638-2772**, or visit CPSC's website at cpsc.gov or saferproducts.gov.

#### **State and Local Health and Environmental Agencies**

Some states, tribes, and cities have their own rules related to lead-based paint. Check with your local agency to see which laws apply to you. Most agencies can also provide information on finding a lead abatement firm in your area, and on possible sources of financial aid for reducing lead hazards. Receive up-to-date address and phone information for your state or local contacts on the Web at epa.gov/lead, or contact the National Lead Information Center at **1-800-424-LEAD**.

Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access any of the phone numbers in this brochure through TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339.

#### U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Regional Offices

The mission of EPA is to protect human health and the environment. Your Regional EPA Office can provide further information regarding regulations and lead protection programs.

**Region 1** (Connecticut, Massachusetts, Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 1 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100, OES 05-4 Boston, MA 02109-3912 (888) 372-7341

**Region 2** (New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 2 2890 Woodbridge Avenue Building 205, Mail Stop 225 Edison, NJ 08837-3679 (732) 321-6671

**Region 3** (Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, DC, West Virginia)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 3 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103 (215) 814-2088

**Region 4** (Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 4 AFC Tower, 12th Floor, Air, Pesticides & Toxics 61 Forsyth Street, SW Atlanta, GA 30303 (404) 562-8998

**Region 5** (Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 5 (DT-8J) 77 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, IL 60604-3666 (312) 886-7836 **Region 6** (Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas, and 66 Tribes)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 6 1445 Ross Avenue, 12th Floor Dallas, TX 75202-2733 (214) 665-2704

Region 7 (Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 7 11201 Renner Blvd. WWPD/TOPE Lenexa, KS 66219 (800) 223-0425

**Region 8** (Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 8 1595 Wynkoop St. Denver, CO 80202 (303) 312-6966

**Region 9** (Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 9 (CMD-4-2) 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 947-4280

**Region 10** (Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 10 Solid Waste & Toxics Unit (WCM-128) 1200 Sixth Avenue, Suite 900 Seattle, WA 98101 (206) 553-1200

#### **Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC)**

The CPSC protects the public against unreasonable risk of injury from consumer products through education, safety standards activities, and enforcement. Contact CPSC for further information regarding consumer product safety and regulations.

#### CPSC

4330 East West Highway Bethesda, MD 20814-4421 1-800-638-2772 cpsc.gov or saferproducts.gov

# U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

HUD's mission is to create strong, sustainable, inclusive communities and quality affordable homes for all. Contact HUD's Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control for further information regarding the Lead Safe Housing Rule, which protects families in pre-1978 assisted housing, and for the lead hazard control and research grant programs.

#### HUD

451 Seventh Street, SW, Room 8236 Washington, DC 20410-3000 (202) 402-7698 hud.gov/offices/lead/

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U. S. CPSC Bethesda MD 20814

U. S. HUD Washington DC 20410

#### **IMPORTANT!**

# Lead From Paint, Dust, and Soil in and Around Your Home Can Be Dangerous if Not Managed Properly

- Children under 6 years old are most at risk for lead poisoning in your home.
- Lead exposure can harm young children and babies even before they are born.
- Homes, schools, and child care facilities built before 1978 are likely to contain lead-based paint.
- Even children who seem healthy may have dangerous levels of lead in their bodies.
- Disturbing surfaces with lead-based paint or removing lead-based paint improperly can increase the danger to your family.
- People can get lead into their bodies by breathing or swallowing lead dust, or by eating soil or paint chips containing lead.
- People have many options for reducing lead hazards.
   Generally, lead-based paint that is in good condition is not a hazard (see page 10).